

The Software Pillar of Open Science

policy, needs, and how to address them

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Software Heritage
THE GREAT LIBRARY OF SOURCE CODE

1 Software and Open Science

2 Policy framework and growing needs

3 Can you address these needs?

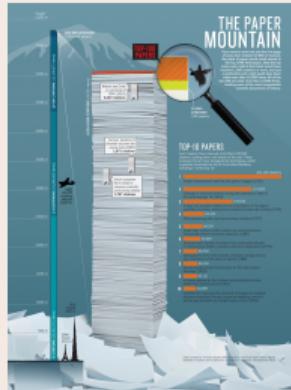
4 Yes you can!

5 Call to action



Software is a pillar of Open Science

Software powers modern research



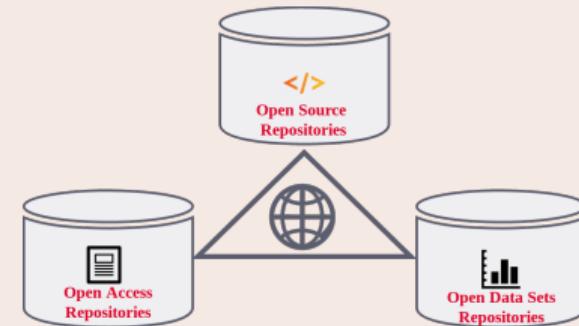
[...] software [...] essential in their fields.

Top 100 papers (Nature, 2014)

Sometimes, if you dont have the software, you dont have the data

Christine Borgman, Paris, 2018

A key pillar: software (source code)



The links in the picture are **important**

Nota Bene

software may be a *tool*, a *research outcome* and a *research object*

access to the *source code* is essential!

Preserving (the history of) source code is necessary for *reproducibility*

Software Source Code is Precious Knowledge

Harold Abelson, Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs (1st ed.)

1985

"Programs must be written for people to read, and only incidentally for machines to execute."

Apollo 11 source code ([excerpt](#))

```
P63SPOT3    CA      BIT6          # IS THE LR ANTENNA IN POSITION 1 YET
EXTEND
RAND      CHAN33
EXTEND
BZF       P63SPOT4        # BRANCH IF ANTENNA ALREADY IN POSITION 1

CAF       CODE500         # ASTRONAUT: PLEASE CRANK THE
TC        BANKCALL        # SILLY THING AROUND
CADR     G0PERF1
TCF      GOTOPOOH        # TERMINATE
TCF      P63SPOT3        # PROCEED SEE IF HE'S LYING

P63SPOT4    TC      BANKCALL        # ENTER      INITIALIZE LANDING RADAR
CADR     SETPOS1
TC        POSTJUMP        # OFF TO SEE THE WIZARD ...
CADR     BURNBABY
```

Quake III source code ([excerpt](#))

```
float Q_rsqrt( float number )
{
    long i;
    float x2, y;
    const float threehalfs = 1.5F;

    x2 = number * 0.5F;
    y = number;
    i = *( long * ) &y; // evil floating point bit level hacking
    i = 0x5f3759df - ( i >> 1 ); // what the fuck?
    y = * ( float * ) &i;
    y = y * ( threehalfs - ( x2 * y * y ) ); // 1st iteration
// y = y * ( threehalfs - ( x2 * y * y ) ); // 2nd iteration, this
can be removed

    return y;
}
```

Len Shustek, Computer History Museum

2006

"Source code provides a view into the mind of the designer."

Outline

- 
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 - 3 Can you address these needs?
 - 4 Yes you can!
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The Paris Call on Software Source code (2019, UNESCO)

Experts call for greater recognition of software source code as heritage for sustainable development

6 November 2018



UNESCO, Inria, Software Heritage invite
40 international experts to meet in Paris

[We call to] promote software development as a valuable research activity, and research software as a key enabler for Open Science/Open Research, sharing good practices and recognising in the careers of academics their contributions to high quality software development, in all their forms”
<https://en.unesco.org/foss/paris-call-software-source-code>



The call is published on Feb 2019



Second French Plan for Open Science



2nd National Plan for Open Science (6/7/2021)

Open and promote research software source code

- actions (selection)
 - charter for research software policy
 - recognize software development (see [announcement of the 2021 prize](#))
 - coordinate communities of practice
 - connected ecosystem of research outputs
- recommendations (selection)
 - archive in Software Heritage
 - standardise and use SWHID
 - build a national catalog of research software
 - leverage ADAC network

[See official announcement](#)



MINISTÈRE
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ET DE LA RECHERCHE

Liberté
Égalité
Fraternité

[Accueil](#) > [Recherche](#) > [Science ouverte](#)

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Sommaire

- The Coq proof assistant : lauréat de la catégorie Scientifique et technique
- Scikit-learn : lauréat de la catégorie Communauté
- Faust : lauréat de la catégorie Documentation
- Gammapy : prix du jury
- Jury

Remise des prix science ouverte du logiciel libre de la recherche

Le ministère de l'Enseignement supérieur, de la Recherche et de l'Innovation remet pour la première année les Prix science ouverte du logiciel libre de la recherche. Dix logiciels mis au point par des équipes françaises sont récompensés pour leur contribution à l'avancée de la connaissance scientifique.

A plurality of needs that we must address

Researchers

- archive and reference software used in articles
- find useful software
- get credit for developed software
- verify, reproduce, improve results

Laboratories/teams

- track software contributions
- produce reports
- maintain web page

Research Organization

know its software assets

- technology transfer
- impact metrics
- funding strategy
- career evaluation

Archive, Reference, Describe, Cite and Credit

Archive

Research software artifacts must be properly **archived**

make sure we can *retrieve* them (*reproducibility*)

Reference

Research software artifacts must be properly **referenced**

make sure we can *identify* them (*reproducibility*)

Describe

Research software artifacts must be properly **described**

make it easy to *discover* and *reuse* them (*visibility*)

Cite/Credit

Research software artifacts must be properly **cited** (*not the same as referenced!*)

to give *credit* to authors (*evaluation!*)

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A word of warning: forges are *not* archives!

2015: the first big bad news

Google Code and Gitorious.org shutdown: ~1M endangered repositories

- broken links in the web of knowledge (my papers too)

2019: big bad news keep coming in

- summer 2019: BitBucket announces Mercurial VCS sunset
- july 2020: BitBucket erases 250.000+ repositories (including research software)

2021: ... in Academia too

- october 2021: Inria's old gforge is unplugged
 - **breaks the build chain** of the OCaml package manager (Opam)

Bottomline

we need a universal archive of software source code: now we have one!



Software Heritage

THE GREAT LIBRARY OF SOURCE CODE

Collect, preserve and share *all* software source code

Preserving our heritage, enabling better software and better science for all

Reference catalog



find and reference all
software source code

Universal archive

media
aging
tear
attack
malicious
obsolete
dependencies

damage
disaster
dangling
deletion
reference
storage
weird
corruption
encryption
format

**preserve all software
source code**

Research infrastructure



enable analysis of all software source code

The largest software archive, a shared infrastructure

Cultural Heritage



Industry



Research



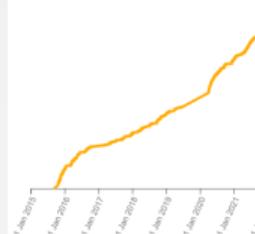
Public Administration



Software Heritage

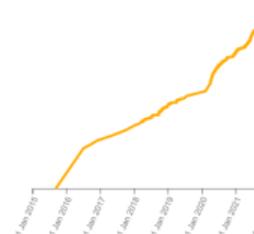
Source files

12,032,627,304



Commits

2,536,918,821



Projects

173,242,749



Directories

9,946,192,395

Authors

47,334,620

Releases

31,763,605

Sharing the vision



United Nations
Educational, Scientific and
Cultural Organization



And many more ...

www.softwareheritage.org/support/testimonials

Donors, members, sponsors

Inria

Diamond sponsor



Platinum sponsors



Gold sponsors

openinventionnetwork



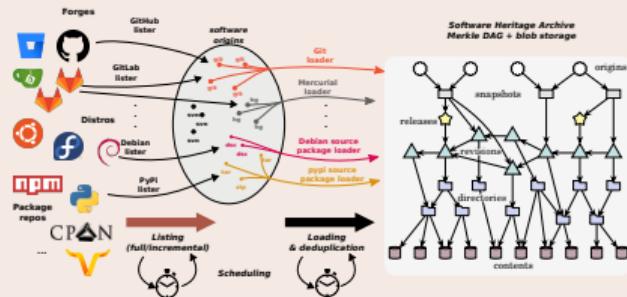
Silver sponsors



Bronze sponsors



Archive (12B+ files, 170M+ projects)



- save.softwareheritage.org
- deposit.softwareheritage.org

Describe

- *Intrinsic metadata* from source code
- Contributed the [Codemeta generator](#)

Reference (20 billion SWHIDs)

Intrinsic, decentralised, cryptographically strong identifiers, SWHIDs



Now supported in SPDX 2.2, Wikidata etc.

Cite/Credit

- Contributed *software citation* style [biblatex-software](#), v 1.2-2 now on CTAN

HAL and Software Heritage: building a curated software catalog

The diagram illustrates the workflow for depositing and curating software packages, specifically LinBox, through HAL and Software Heritage.

Software Heritage (left): A researcher works on a VCS (Version Control System) and submits a repository URL to Software Heritage. Software Heritage then generates a SWHID and metadata, which are deposited into a digital archive. The researcher can then cite and browse the deposit metadata.

HAL (right): The deposited package is identified by a SWHID (e.g., <https://hal.archives-ouvertes.fr/hal-02130801>). The HAL interface shows the metadata (version 1.6.3, GNU Lesser General Public License v2.1 or later, C++, GitHub repository), collections (LinBox Group, LIRMM, INRIA, UML/MAD, CASO, UML/UMA), and a detailed view of the code repository (config-blas.h).

Integration: Large blue arrows indicate the flow of information from Software Heritage to HAL, showing how the curated metadata and code are integrated into the HAL archive.

Code Sample (config-blas.h):

```
1 // config-blas.h
2 * Copyright (C) 2005 Pascal Giorgi
3 * 2007 Clement Pernet
4 * Written by Pascal Giorgi <pgiorgi@uwaterloo.ca>
5 *
6 * =====LICENSE=====
7 * This file is part of the library LinBox.
8 *
9 * LinBox is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
10 * it under the terms of the GNU Lesser General Public
11 * License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either
12 * version 2.1 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.
13 *
14 * This library is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
15 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
16 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU
17 * Lesser General Public License for more details.
18 *
19 * You should have received a copy of the GNU Lesser General Public
20 * License along with this library; if not, write to the Free Software
21 * Foundation, Inc., 51 Franklin Street, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA 02110-1301 USA
22 * =====LICENSE=====
```

SWHID: sw.h:1:dir:393b611a1424f032e83569bf6762502371cfcf65

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An example is worth a thousand words

- Browse the archive (your work [may be already there !](#))
- Trigger archival of your preferred software in a breeze
- Get and use SWHIDs ([full specification available online](#))
- Cite software using the [biblatex-software](#) package from CTAN
- Example in a journal: [an article from IPOL](#)
- Example with Parmap: [devel on Github](#), [archive in SWH](#), [curated deposit in HAL](#)
- Extracting all the software products [for Inria](#), [for CNRS](#), [for LIRMM](#) or [for Rémi Gribonval](#) using HalTools
- Curated deposit in SWH via HAL, see for example: [LinBox](#), [SLALOM](#), [Givaro](#), [NS2DDV](#), [SumGra](#), [Coq proof](#), ...
- Example use in a research article: compare Fig. 1 and conclusions
 - in [the 2012 version](#)
 - in [the updated version](#) using SWHIDs and Software Heritage
- Example use in a research article: extensive use of SWHIDs in [a replication experiment](#)

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Archiving and referencing

For **all source code** used in research (*yes, even small scripts!*)

- ensure it is archived in Software Heritage (see [save code now](#))
- get the proper **SWHID** for your software (see [detailed HOWTO](#))
- add it to research articles for reproducibility (see [detailed HOWTO](#))

Describing and Citing/Crediting

For **software you want to put forward** (*mention in your CV, reports, etc., get citations and credit for it*), do the following **extra steps**:

- add **codemeta.json** with description (see the [codemeta generator](#))
- reference in the HAL portal (french partners, see [online HAL documentation](#))
- cite software using the **biblatex-software** package (in CTAN and TeXLive)

Bottomline

HAL+SWH let you address all the needs at once...

- *researcher, engineer*: archival, reference, credit, CV etc. *with a little effort from them*
- *labs, organizations*: track and report software production in a simple way
- *technology transfer offices*: view the software production
- *national level*: a *curated catalog* of the software production

... with a little effort from your side

- Update the Open Science policy to include software
- Train on the use of SWH and HAL for software
- Join the network of HAL moderators for software

it's a long road, but together we can make it

Questions?