Software Heritage

Building the Universal Software Archive for Open Science

Roberto Di Cosmo

roberto@dicosmo.org

April 23rd, 2019



Outline

- Introductions
- 2 Software is Knowledge...
- 3 Software source code: a pillar of Open Science
- 4 An inconvenient truth
- **10** The Software Heritage initiative
- Output
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- Using the Software Heritage archive
- 8 A revolutionary infrastructure for Open Source and Open Access
- Building for the long term
- Conclusion



Short Bio: Roberto Di Cosmo

Computer Science professor in Paris, now working at INRIA

- 30 years of research (Theor. CS, Programming, Software Engineering, Erdos #: 3)
- 20 years of Free and Open Source Software
- 10 years building and directing structures for the common good



1999 DemoLinux – first live GNU/Linux distro

2007 Free Software Thematic Group 150 members 40 projects 200Me

2008 Mancoosi project www.mancoosi.org

2010 IRILL www.irill.org

2015 Software Heritage at INRIA

2018 National Committee for Open Science, France

April 23rd, 2019

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Software is knowledge

Key mediator for accessing all information (c) Banski



Information is a main pillar of our modern societies.

Absent an ability to correctly interpret digital information, we are left with [...] "rotting bits" [...] of no value.

Vinton G. Cerf IEEE 2011

Software is an essential component of modern scientific research



[...] the vast majority describe experimental methods or software that have become essential in their fields.

Top 100 papers (Nature, October 2014)

Sometimes, if you dont have the software, you dont have the data Christine Borgman, Paris, 2018

Sofware embodies our *Knowledge* and *Cultural Heritage*

The knowledge is in the source code!



"The source code for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it."

GPL Licence

Hello World

Program (excerpt of binary) 4004e6: 55 4004e7: 48 89 e5 4004ea: bf 84 05 40 00 4004ef: b8 00 00 00 00 4004f4: e8 c7 fe ff ff 4004f9: 90 4004fa: 5d 4004fb: c3

```
Program (source code)
```

```
/* Hello World program */
#include<stdio.h>

void main()
{
    printf("Hello World");
}
```

Source code is special

Harold Abelson, Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs

"Programs must be written for people to read, and only incidentally for machines to execute."

Quake III source code (excerpt)

```
float 0_rsqrt( float number )
{
    long i;
    float x2, y;
    const float threehalfs = 1.5F;

    x2 = number * 0.5F;
    y = number;
    i = *(long *) Sy; // evil floating point bit level hacking
    i = 0x5f37596f - (i >> 1); // what the fuck?
    y = y * (threehalfs - (x2 * y * y)); // 1st iteration
    // y = y * (threehalfs - (x2 * y * y)); // 2nd iteration, this
    can be removed

return y;
}
```

Net. queue in Linux (excerpt)

Len Shustek, Computer History Museum

"Source code provides a view into the mind of the designer."

~ 50 years, a lightning fast growth

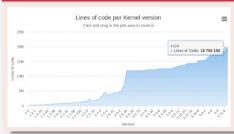
Apollo 11 Guidance Computer (~60.000 lines), 1969



"When I first got into it, nobody knew what it was that we were doing. It was like the Wild West."

Margaret Hamilton

Linux Kernel



... now in your pockets!

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The scientific method...

The experimental method



- make an observation
- formulate an hypothesis
- set up an experiment
- elaborate a theory

And then we reproduce and verify.

Reproducibility is the key



non-reproducible single occurrences are of no significance to science

Karl Popper, The Logic of Scientific Discovery, 1934

... evolves in the digital age!

For an experiment involving software, we need open access to the scientific article describing it open data sets used in the experiment source code of all the components environment of execution stable references between all this



Remark

The first two items are already widely discussed!

... what about *software*?

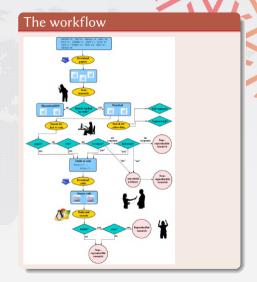
Analysis of 613 papers

- 8 ACM conferences: ASPLOS'12, CCS'12, OOPSLA'12, OSDI'12, PLDI'12, SIGMOD'12, SOSP'11, VLDB'12
- 5 journals: TACO'9, TISSEC'15, TOCS'30, TODS'37, TOPLAS'34

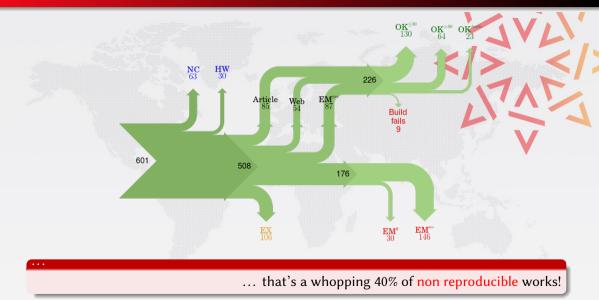
all very practical oriented

The basic question

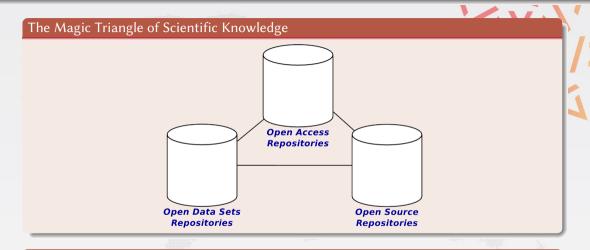
can we get the code to build and run?



... cont'd



Software Source code is an important pillar



Nota bene

The links in the picture are essential

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A forgotten pillar of Open Science

No reference catalog



to find and reference all the source code

No universal archive



to preserve all the source code

No research infrastructure



to enable analysis of all the source code

Lack of recognition

not (yet) a first class citizen

- in the EOSC plan
- in the EU copyright reform
- in the scholarly works

Lack of guidance on how to

- choose a license
- cite a software project
- make source code available
- relate to industry best practices

No catalog, no archive, no references: we are at a turning point

Looking at the past

- a lot of old software misplaced, lost, or behind barriers, but...
- most founding fathers are still here, and willing to share
- urgent to collect their knowledge

Only a few years left.

Looking at the future

- software development and use skyrockets: more programmers, and more code!
- essential to provide a universal platform for all the future software source code
 Every year that goes by makes the problem worse.

it is **urgent** to take action!

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Our mission

Collect, preserve and share the source code of all the software that is available

Past, present and future

Preserving the past, enhancing the present, preparing the future

A principled infrastructure

http://bit.ly/swhpaper



Thomas Jefferson, February 18, 1791

...let us save what remains: not by vaults and locks which fence them from the public eye and use in consigning them to the waste of time, but by such a multiplication of copies, as shall place them beyond the reach of accident.

A common infrastructure

- mutualisation for sustainability
- open source, non for profit
- mirror network open to all
- may prevent a useless diaspora

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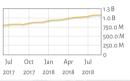


Coverage



Commits

1,248,389,319



Projects

88,288,721





GitHub





GitLab









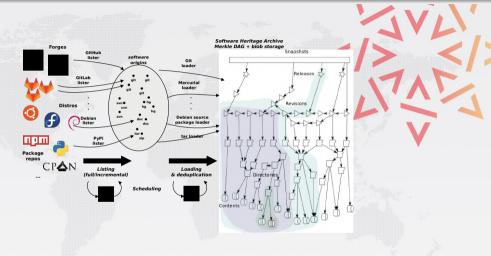






- 200 TB (compressed) blobs, 6 TB database (as a graph: 10 B nodes + 100 B edges)
- The *richest* public source code archive, ... and growing daily!

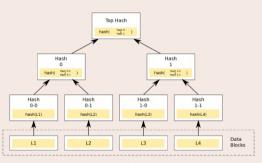
Automation, and storage



• full development history permanently archived

Much more than an archive!

Merkle tree (R. C. Merkle, Crypto 1979)

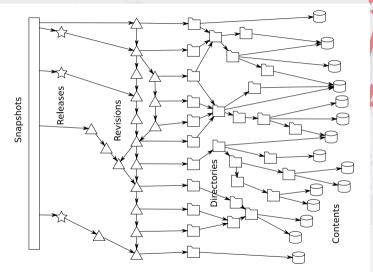


Combination of

- tree
- hash function

Classical cryptographic construction

- fast, parallel signature of large data structures
- widely used (e.g., Git, blockchains, IPFS, ...)
- built-in deduplication





Contents

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Preanble

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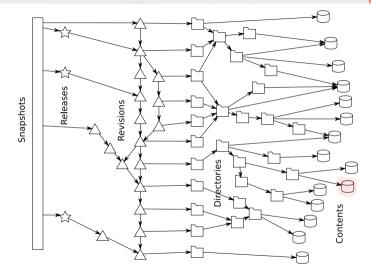
The Licenses for nost software and other practical works are designed take away your freeden to share and change the works. By contrast, the GAU General Public License is intended to guarantee your freeden to software for all its users. Me, the Free Software formal its users, Me, the Free Software foundation, use the GAU General Public License for most of our software; it applies also to your programs. One can apply it to work or you can apply it to your programs.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to sake sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for them if you wish), that you receive source code or can get if if you want it, that you can change the software or use places of it in new free programs, and that you know you can be the called the software or use places of it in new free programs, and that you know you can be the called the software or use places of it in new free programs, and that you know you can do the called the software or use places of it in new free programs, and that you know you can do the called the software of th

To protect your rights, we need to

sha1: 8624bcdae55baeef... sha256: 8ceb4b9ee5aded... sha1_git: 94a9ed024d385... length: 35147







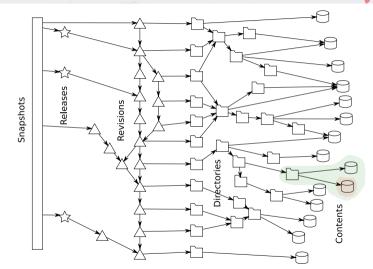
.gitignore AUTHORS LICENSE MANIFEST in Makefile Makefile.local README.db_testing README.dev debian docs requirements.txt setup.py sql swh utils

Directories

```
100644 blob c5baade4c44766042186ef858c0fd63d587ebf09 .gitignore
100644 blob 2d0a34af6f52cf3cf6b0c2f7bd0648fbd255e77f AUTHORS
100644 blob 94a9ed024d3859793618152ea559a168bbcbb5e2 LICENSE
100644 blob d9b2665a435a43f8a79a84e0867751dfb095c7bb MANIFEST.in
100644 blob 524175c2bad0b35b975f79284c2f5a6d5eaf2eb4 Makefile
100644 blob 5c7e3a5bbddb038682ba7793f440492ed9678bb3 Makefile.local
100644 blob 8617980629cd24e6080404f09aa749b085b3e07b README.db testing
100644 blob 76b29f94cf815e0869c414d38d78d7ce08ec514e README dev
040000 tree ele10ecef948af0b93adb0372afc89f12e92618a bin
040000 tree 83e56d0beaf7793c77a45a345c80fcb8af503013 debian
040000 tree a34c9c4ba213f0cedc67f9816348d27955577af5 docs
100644 blob f2a6d32c6135aa7287bbd76167b01df2ae4f1539 requirements.txt
100755 blob eee147c36caf1bbc2d820da8dc026cb5b68180bc setup.pv
040000 tree 224bb4c1f4c67fcald160bffd2d06094e7e1abf3 sql
040000 tree 8631c9cd77bbe993168107ab5baf51f40c6300be swh
040000 tree 8fb905b56ba8ed692f1209b2773b474c6c1d66c1 utils
```

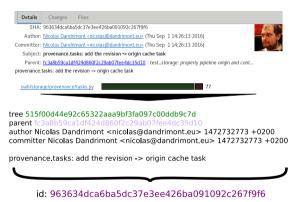
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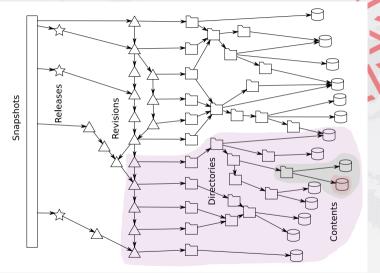




Revisions









Releases

tag v0.0.51 Tagger: Nicolas Dandrimont <nicolas@dandrimont.eu> Date: Wed Aug 24 14:36:03 2016 +0200

Release swh.storage v0.0.51

Add new metadata column to origin_visit
 Update swh-add-directory script for updated API
[...]

commit c0c9f16b1e134f593e7567570a1761b156e6eb1d

object c0c9f16b1e134f593e7567570a1761b156e6eb1d

type commit tag v0.0.51

tagger Nicolas Dandrimont <nicolas@dandrimont.eu> 1472042163 +0200

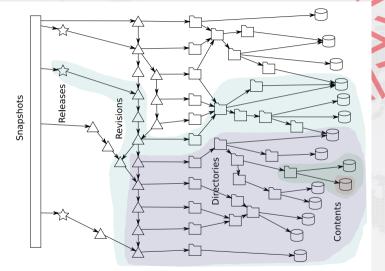
Release swh.storage v0.0.51

- Add new metadata column to origin_visit
- Update swh-add-directory script for updated API -—BEGIN PGP SIGNATURE——

---END PGP SIGNATURE---

id: 85083a5cc14a441c89dea73f5bdf67c3f9c6afdb







Snapshots

ait show-refs

```
commit 08ffeb25770109525eb3ce21691466c53a1d9158 refs/heads/atime
commit ba5443a24e3f9fe323a46c292cec4fcbe61c67eb refs/heads/directory-listing-arrays
commit d69e0dbf892383ff6589b27fbe1c05d27238d9c5 refs/heads/foo
commit_cf7ff9eea8eh22f8946908f5a8019f67de468e08_refs/heads/master
commit 7eca197fc66d2024047e54b1ed9e8b44361a0fc2 refs/heads/tmp-directory-add
commit 642a205f37de85005a85d427b53ee4fb2252e82e refs/heads/tmp/generic-releases
tag 20f043b1379cf768d966597799fd4907c757f755 refs/tags/v0.0.1
tag 72a21991a384e539996dbb867bfb8bee72aee2cd refs/tags/v0.0.10
tag 3590e0ca0ebb070e5b376705fa230bbfa4ffa5cc refs/tags/v0.0.11
tag 33378427a403ba569a67777b8d58f6674fbc6556 refs/tags/v0.0.12
tag 06f74652755b327cf590311c2bfa036cf3b4b35d refs/tags/v0.0.13
tag 5a6325fe86ab854b581d7442667d92a11e32f3bd refs/tags/v0.0.14
tag 586fba4e580b4f5fab85f599367643cbcb1a9c7f refs/tags/v0.0.15
tag 8cd8b885f4098bf363177742bd289f660e5be51c refs/tags/v0.0.16
tag a542444ee3f0fbed35efb202fee035c809abc7d6 refs/tags/v0.0.17
tag 228a2f1650dd12222e556559462e1e06fc4993d9 refs/tags/v0.0.18
tag 606979a4ca05d497fc0d24aad00dce82636ef47c refs/tags/v0.0.19
tag 32bf5a59fc2a323baa6d5f15a6ad5382ec275a67 refs/tags/v0.0.2
tag 3147c3d3lec46cf6492f88le908b1237ebdff2c7 refs/tags/v0.0.20
tag 215ea50daba111e082e0b72e76eb4b6073a87908 refs/tags/v0.0.21
tag 3fb168c2872a5d6252124257a1e5dfc8f5ffa1df refs/tags/v8.0.22
tag 8cdbee8da4d73fc5d262789e460a16ac3c72aba4 refs/tags/v0.0.23
```

id: b464cad1b66fff266a37b46ea6e7a04b545e904b



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Reference archive for all software

A "wayback machine" for software source code ...

- with intrinsic identifiers!
- http://archive.softwareheritage.org/browse
- http://bit.ly/swhpids for persistent identifiers

Demo time: let's highlight some features...







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A revolutionary infrastructure for industry

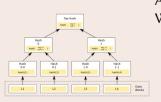
The graph of Software Development



All of the software development in a single graph!

- lookup by content hash
- wayback machine for software development
 - http://archive.softwareheritage.org/
- ... and much more

The blockchain of Software Development

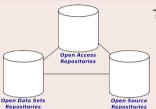


All of a software development... in a single Merkle graph! Widely used crypto (e.g., Git, blockchains, IPFS, ...)

- built-in deduplication
- intrinsic, unforgeable identifiers at all levels
- simplifies traceability (licensing, supply chain management)

A revolutionary infrastructure for research and innovation

A pillar of Open Science



The reference archive of Research Software for Open Science

- curated deposit of research software
 - in collaboration with HAL, CCSD and Inria IES
 - now open to all researchers!
- intrinsic identifiers for reproducibility

Reference platform for Big Code



- unique observatory of all software development
- big data, machine learning paradise: classification, trends, coding patterns, code completion...

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Raising Awareness

April 3rd 2017, Unesco Inria agreement







November 2018, Unesco Inria expert call



Experts call for greater recognition of software source code as heritage for sustainable development

16 November 2018



Growing Support

Sharing the vision

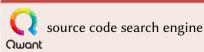


Donors, members, sponsors





Research collaboration



Global network

FQSSID

- first independent mirror
- increased reliability

You can help!

Scientific and technological challenges

study object storage, classification, ML, graph queries, mirror protocols, ... contribute forge.softwareheritage.org and GSoC

Adoption in your research community

Conferences, journals, ...

archive software in Software Heritage reference software using SWH-IDs for reproducibility

Funding

- sponsorship.softwareheritage.org
- www.softwareheritage.org/donate

Spread the word!

- use the archive
- tell everybody about it

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Join the revolution!



www.softwareheritage.org

@swheritage

Library of Alexandria of code



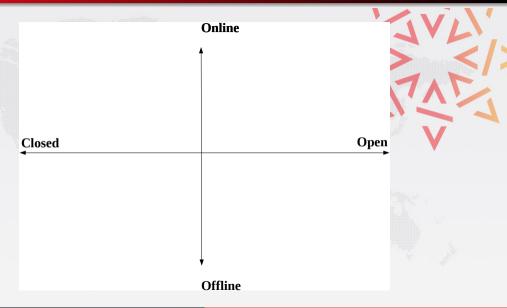
- recover the past
- structure the future

A CERN for Software

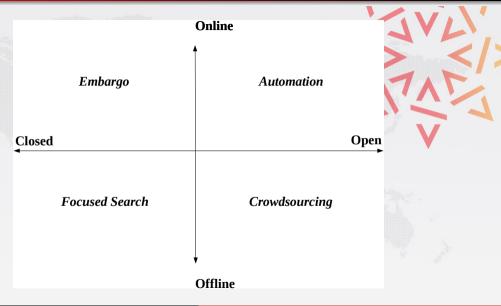


- build better software
 - for industry
 - for society as a whole

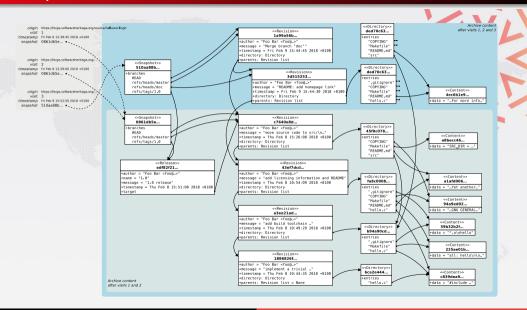
All the source code



All the source code: strategy



A bird's eye view



Looking for the right identifiers



Systems of identifiers

A system of identifiers is

- a set of labels (the identifiers)
- mechanisms to perform :

Generation (minting)	create a new label
Assignment	associate label to object
Retrieval	get object from a label

• optionally, mechanisms to perform:

Verification	check label and object		
Reverse Lookup	get label from an object		
Description	get metadata of an object		

Mechanisms offered in some systems of identifiers

-	n'ite" maniffille, Allinini, Alia	The state of the s			
ı	Mech. / System	Handle	DOI	Ark	PURL
ľ	Generation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Assignment	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Retrieval	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Verification	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
	Reverse Lookup	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
	Description	Yes	Yes	Yes	N.A.

Our challenges in the PID landscape

Typical properties of systems of identifiers

uniqueness, non ambiguity, persistence, abstraction (opacity)

Key needed properties from our use cases

gratis identifiers are free (billions of objects)

integrity the associated object cannot be changed (sw dev, reproducibility)

no middle man no central authority is needed (sw dev, reproducibility)

we could not find systems with both integrity and no middle man!

An important distinction: DIOs vs. IDOs

The term "Digital Object Identifier" is construed as "digital identifier of an object," rather than "identifier of a digital object" Norman Paskin. 2010

DIO (Digital Identifier of an Object)

digital identifiers for (potentially) non digital objects

- epistemic complexity (manifestations, versions, locations, etc.)
- need an authority to ensure persistence and uniqueness

IDO (Identifier of a Digital Object)

digital identifiers (only) for digital objects

- can provide both integrity and no middle man
- broadly used in modern software development (git, etc.)

for the core Software Heritage archive, IDOs are enough

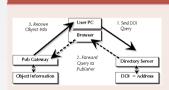
Limitations of DIOs

Example: doi:10.1109/MSR.2015.10

- to find what 10.1109/MSR.2015.10 is, go to a *resolver* (e.g. doi.org)
- this returns http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/ document/7180064/
- at this URL we find ...



Architecture of the DOI infrastructure



- DOI resolution can change
- content at URL can change
- no intrinsic way of noticing
- persistence based on good will of multiple parties